## Math 103: Midterm Exam \# 2

## Spring 2006

- Write your name and Student ID number in the space provided below and sign.

| Student's Name: |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| ID Number: |  |
|  |  |
| Signature: |  |
|  |  |

- You have 75 minutes.
- You may use any statement which has been proven in class, except for the cases where you are asked to reproduce the proof of that statement.
- You may ask any question about the exam within the first 10 minutes. After this time for any question you may want to ask 5 points will be deduced from your grade (You may or may not get an answer to your question(s).)
- (Optional) Grade your own work out of 100 . Record your estimated grade here:


## Estimated Grade:

If your expected grade and actual grade will turn out to differ by 9 points or less, you will be given the highest of the two.

## To be filled by the grader:

| Actual Grade: |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Adjusted Grade: |  |

Problem 1. Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and $g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be functions defined by

$$
f(x):=\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}}, \quad g(x):=\sqrt{1-x^{2}}
$$

and $A$ denote the interval $(-2,2)$ in $\mathbb{R}$. Determine the following objects.
Remark: You must express your response in the form of a finite or infinite interval in $\mathbb{R}$ and show how you obtain it. You need not provide a proof for your response.
1.a) Domain of $f$; (5 points)
1.b) Domain of $g$; (5 points)
1.c) Image of $A$ under $f$, i.e., $f(A)$; (5 points)
1.d) Inverse image of $A$ under $g$, i.e., $g^{-1}(A)$; (10 points)
1.e) Domain of $g \circ f$. (10 points)

Problem 2. Let $A$ and $B$ be nonempty sets and $f: A \rightarrow B$ be a function with domain $\operatorname{Dom}(f)=A$. Let $\sim$ be the relation on the power set $2^{A}$ of $A$ that is defined by

$$
\forall A_{1}, A_{1} \in 2^{A}, \quad A_{1} \sim A_{2} \quad \text { if } \quad f\left(A_{1}\right) \subseteq f\left(A_{2}\right),
$$

where for every subset $A^{\prime}$ of $A, f\left(A^{\prime}\right)$ denotes the image of $A^{\prime}$ under $f$.
2.a) Show that in general $\sim$ is not a partial ordering relation on $2^{A}$. (15 points)
2.b) Find a condition on $f$ such that $\sim$ is a partial ordering relation on $2^{A}$. You must prove that under this condition $\sim$ is a partial ordering relation on $2^{A}$. (20 points)

Problem 3. Construct a bijection between $\mathbb{Z}-\{0\}$ and $\mathbb{Z}^{+}$. You must define

$$
f: \mathbb{Z}-\{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}^{+}
$$

by giving a formula for $f(n)$ for all $n \in \mathbb{Z}-\{0\}$, and show that $f$ is a bijection (30 points)

