## Math 103: Midterm Exam # 2

Spring 2006

• Write your name and Student ID number in the space provided below and sign.

Student's Name:	
ID Number:	
Signature:	

- You have <u>75 minutes</u>.
- You may use any statement which has been proven in class, except for the cases where you are asked to reproduce the proof of that statement.
- You may ask any question about the exam within the first 10 minutes. After this time for any question you may want to ask 5 points will be deduced from your grade (You may or may not get an answer to your question(s).)
- (Optional) Grade your own work out of 100. Record your estimated grade here:

## Estimated Grade:

If your expected grade and actual grade will turn out to differ by 9 points or less, you will be given the highest of the two.

## To be filled by the grader:

Actual Grade:	
Adjusted Grade:	

**Problem 1.** Let  $f : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  and  $g : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  be functions defined by

$$f(x) := \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}}, \qquad g(x) := \sqrt{1-x^2},$$

and A denote the interval (-2, 2) in  $\mathbb{R}$ . Determine the following objects.

**Remark:** You must express your response in the form of a finite or infinite interval in  $\mathbb{R}$  and show how you obtain it. You need not provide a proof for your response.

1.a) Domain of f; (5 points)

1.b) Domain of g; (5 points)

1.c) Image of A under f, i.e., f(A); (5 points)

1.d) Inverse image of A under g, i.e.,  $g^{-1}(A)$ ; (10 points)

1.e) Domain of  $g \circ f$ . (10 points)

**Problem 2.** Let A and B be nonempty sets and  $f : A \to B$  be a function with domain Dom(f) = A. Let ~ be the relation on the power set  $2^A$  of A that is defined by

$$\forall A_1, A_1 \in 2^A, \quad A_1 \sim A_2 \text{ if } f(A_1) \subseteq f(A_2),$$

where for every subset A' of A, f(A') denotes the image of A' under f.

2.a) Show that in general  $\sim$  is not a partial ordering relation on  $2^A$ . (15 points)

2.b) Find a condition on f such that  $\sim$  is a partial ordering relation on  $2^A$ . You must prove that under this condition  $\sim$  is a partial ordering relation on  $2^A$ . (20 points)

**Problem 3.** Construct a bijection between  $\mathbb{Z} - \{0\}$  and  $\mathbb{Z}^+$ . You must define

$$f:\mathbb{Z}-\{0\}\to\mathbb{Z}^+$$

by giving a formula for f(n) for all  $n \in \mathbb{Z} - \{0\}$ , and show that f is a bijection (30 points)