Name:PID:Discussion Section - No:Time:

## Midterm 1, Math 20C (Lecture C) November 2nd, 2007

Duration: 50 minutes

This is an open-book exam. Calculators and computing devices are not allowed. To get full credit you should support your answers.

1. An object slides 5 meters over the inclined surface with slope 60° due to the vertical gravitational force  $\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{g}}$  with magnitude  $|\mathbf{F}_{\mathbf{g}}| = 50$  Newton as illustrated in the figure below.



a) (1 point) Express the displacement vector **d** (note that  $|\mathbf{d}| = 5$  meters) in terms of the standard basis vectors  $\vec{i}$  and  $\vec{j}$ .

b) (2 points) Find the projection of  $F_g$  onto d.

#	Score
1 (5  points)	
2 (7  points)	
3 (6  points)	
4 (7  points)	
Total (25 points)	

c) (2 points) Find the work done by the gravitational force in Newton  $\cdot$  meters.

**2.** The position of a particle in 3D space as a function of time t is given by

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = t\vec{i} + t^2\vec{j} + t^3\vec{k}, \ t \ge 0.$$

a) (2 points) Find the velocity  $\mathbf{v}(t)$  and acceleration  $\mathbf{a}(t)$  of the particle as functions of time.

b) (2 points) Find the *cosine* of the angle between  $\mathbf{a}(1)$  and  $\mathbf{v}(1)$ .

c) (3 points) Find the equation of the plane passing through  $\mathbf{r}(1)$  and containing  $\mathbf{a}(1)$  and  $\mathbf{v}(1)$ . This is the *osculating* plane to which the particle stays close around t = 1.

3. The graph of the cycloid generated by the parametric equation

$$x(\theta) = (\theta - \sin(\theta))$$
 and  $y(\theta) = (1 - \cos(\theta)), \quad 0 \le \theta < 2\pi$ 

is illustrated below. The curve intersects the x-axis at  $\theta = 0$  and  $\theta = 2\pi$ .



a) (3 points) Write down a definite integral for the area between the cycloid and the *x*-axis. Do not evaluate the integral.

b) (3 points) Find the equation of the line tangent to the cycloid at  $\theta = \pi/2$ .

4. Consider the parametric curve C in 3D space

 $x(t) = 3\sin(t), \quad y(t) = 5\cos(t) \text{ and } z(t) = 4\sin(t), \ t \ge 0$ 

a) (3 points) Find the unit tangent vector  $\mathbf{T}(t)$  to  $\mathcal{C}$ .

b) (2 points) Find the unit tangent vector  $\hat{\mathbf{T}}(s)$  parametrized in terms of the arc-length s, that is  $\hat{\mathbf{T}}(s) = \mathbf{T}(t')$  where s is the arc-length of the curve  $\mathcal{C}$  from t = 0 to t = t'.

c) (2 points) Show that the curvature  $\kappa(s)$  of  $\mathcal{C}$  is constant and equal to 1/5.