

Closed book. No calculators are to be used for this quiz.

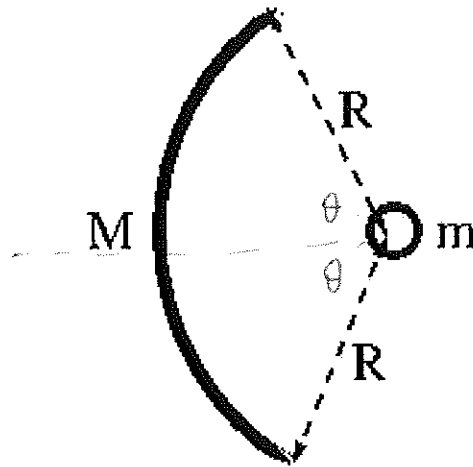
Quiz duration: 15 minutes

Name:

Student ID:

Signature:

Consider the isolated system of an arc of a circular wire and a point object that is shown in the figure. The radius and mass of the arc are  $R$  and  $M$ , respectively. You may assume the arc is one dimensional, that is you may ignore its thickness. Find the escape speed of the point mass  $m$  from the gravitational potential of the arc.



$$dU = -\frac{G m dM}{R}$$

$$dM = \frac{M}{2\theta R} R d\theta'$$

$$\int dU = \int_{-\theta}^{\theta} -\frac{G m M}{R 2\theta} d\theta'$$

$$U = -\frac{G m M}{R}$$

$$v_{\text{escape}} = \sqrt{\frac{2GM}{R}}$$

Closed book. No calculators are to be used for this quiz.

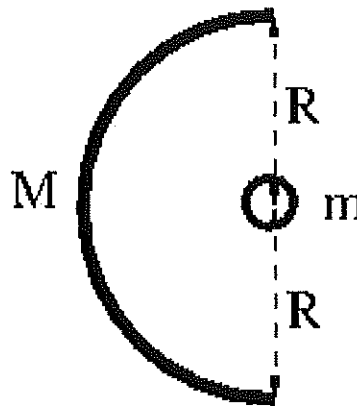
Quiz duration: 15 minutes

Name:

Student ID:

Signature:

Consider the isolated system of a semi-circular wire and a point object that is shown in the figure. The radius and mass of the semi-circular wire are  $R$  and  $M$ , respectively. You may assume the wire is one dimensional, that is you may ignore its thickness. Find the escape speed of the point mass  $m$  from the gravitational potential of the semi-circular wire.



$$dU = -\frac{Gm dM}{R}$$

$$dM = \frac{M}{\pi R} R d\theta$$

$$U = \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} -\frac{GmM}{\pi R} d\theta = -\frac{GmM}{R}$$

$$v_{\text{escape}} = \sqrt{\frac{2GM}{R}}$$

Closed book. No calculators are to be used for this quiz.

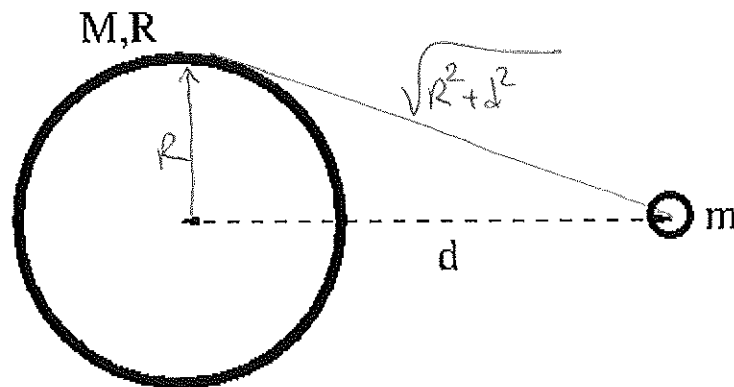
Quiz duration: 15 minutes

Name:

Student ID:

Signature:

Consider the isolated system of a circular wire and a point object that is shown in the figure. The radius and mass of the circular wire are  $R$  and  $M$ , respectively. You may assume the wire is one dimensional, that is you may ignore its thickness. Find the escape speed of the point mass  $m$  from the gravitational potential of the circular wire.



$$dU = \frac{-Gm dM}{\sqrt{R^2 + d^2}}$$

$$U = - \int \frac{Gm dM}{\sqrt{R^2 + d^2}} = - \frac{GMm}{\sqrt{R^2 + d^2}}$$

$$K_1 + U_1 = K_2 + U_2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m v_{esc}^2 + U = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m v_{esc}^2 = \frac{GMm}{\sqrt{R^2 + d^2}} \Rightarrow v_{esc} = \sqrt{\frac{2GM}{\sqrt{R^2 + d^2}}}$$

Closed book. No calculators are to be used for this quiz.

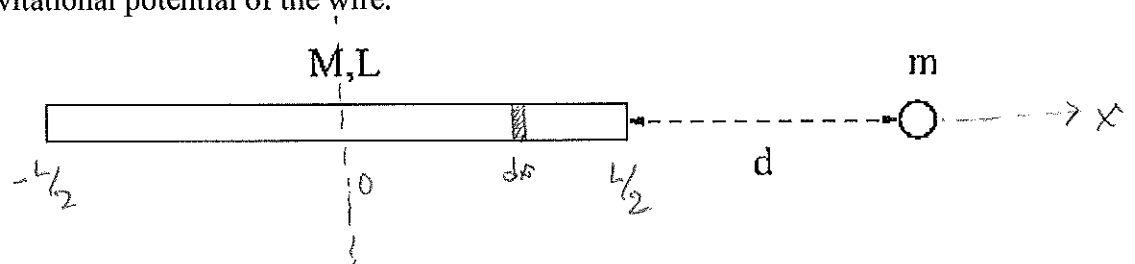
Quiz duration: 15 minutes

Name:

Student ID:

Signature:

Consider the isolated system of a straight wire and a point object that is shown in the figure. The length and mass of the wire are  $L$  and  $M$ , respectively. You may assume the wire is one dimensional, that is you may ignore its thickness. Find the escape speed of the point mass  $m$  from the gravitational potential of the wire.



$$U = - \int \frac{G m dM}{r}$$

$$dM = \frac{M}{L} dx$$

$$r = d + \frac{L}{2} - x$$

$$U = - \frac{G m M}{L} \int_{-\frac{L}{2}}^{\frac{L}{2}} \frac{dx}{d + \frac{L}{2} - x} = - \frac{G m M}{L} \ln \left( \frac{d+L}{d} \right)$$

$$v_{\text{escape}} = \sqrt{\frac{G M}{L} \ln \left( \frac{d+L}{d} \right)}$$

Closed book. No calculators are to be used for this quiz.

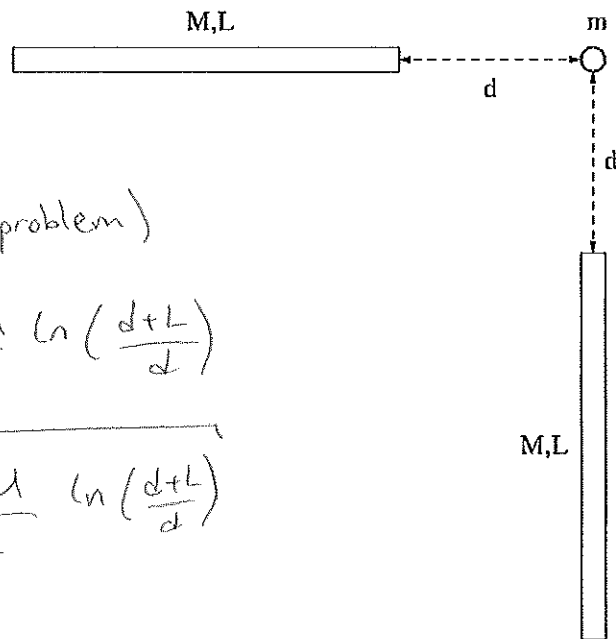
Quiz duration: 15 minutes

Name:

Student ID:

Signature:

Consider the isolated system of two straight wires and a point object that is shown in the figure. The length and mass of the wires are  $L$  and  $M$ , respectively. You may assume the wires are one dimensional, that is you may ignore their thickness. Find the escape speed of the point mass  $m$  from the gravitational potential of the wires.



(From section 4 problem)

$$U_a = U_b = -\frac{GmM}{L} \ln\left(\frac{d+L}{d}\right)$$

$$v_{\text{escape}} = \sqrt{\frac{2GM}{L} \ln\left(\frac{d+L}{d}\right)}$$