KOÇ UNIVERSITY MATH 102 - CALCULUS Midterm 1 November 11, 2008

Duration of Exam: 90 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS: No calculators may be used on the test. No books, no notes, and no talking allowed. You must always **explain your answers** and **show your work** to receive **full credit**. Use the back of these pages if necessary. **Print (use CAPITAL LETTERS)** and sign your name, and indicate your section below.

Surname, Name: _____

Signature: _____

Section (Check One):

Section 1: T. Etgu (11:00)	
Section 2: T. Etgu (15:30)	
Section 3: S. Unver $(9:30)$	

PROBLEM	POINTS	SCORE
1	20	
2	20	
3	20	
4	20	
5	20	
TOTAL	100	

(5 points each)

Problem 1. Compute the following limits: $\sin(2x)$

(i)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin(2x)}{\sin(3x)}$$

(ii)
$$\lim_{x \to 9} \frac{\sqrt{x-3}}{x-9}$$

(iii)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{5x^3 - 2x^2 - 3}{10x^3 - 5x + 2}$$

(iv)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{|x|}{x}$$

Problem 2. Compute the derivatives of the following functions. (10 points each)

(i)
$$\left(\frac{x^2}{8} + x - \frac{1}{x}\right)^4$$

(ii) $x^2 \sin^4(x) + x \cos^{-2}(x)$

Problem 3. Let y = f(x) be a function that has the property that f(1) = 2 and satisfies the equation $x^3 - xy + y^3 = 7$. (10 points each)

- (i) Find f'(1).
- (ii) Find an equation of the tangent line to the graph of y = f(x) at x = 1.

Problem 4.

(i) State the intermediate value theorem.	$(5 \ points)$
(ii) State Rolle's theorem.	$(5 \ points)$
(iii) Show that the equation $x^3 + 10x - 2$ =	= 0 has only one solution over the real
numbers.	(10 points)

5

Problem 5. Let $f(x) = x^{2/3}(3-x)$.

- (i) Find all the critical points of f(x) on [-2, 2].
- (ii) Find the absolute maximum and minimum values of f(x) on [-2,2].